

## SFP+ 10G, 1550nm, 80KM, SINGLE MODE SNX-1596-80D

### Overview:

This SFP+ transceiver is designed for use in 10-Gigabit links up to 80km over single mode fiber. The module consists of 1550 EML Laser, APD and Preamplifier in a high-integrated optical sub-assembly. Digital diagnostics functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF-8472.

SFP-ZR transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, and received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP+ MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

### Features:

- Up to 11.3Gb/s data links
- 1550nm EML transmitter and APD receiver
- Up to 80km on 9/125  $\mu$ m SMF
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Duplex LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Compliant with SFF+MSA and SFF-8472
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- Meet ESD requirements, resist 8KV direct contact voltage
- Case operating temperature

Commercial: 0 ~ +70oC

Extended: -10 ~ +80oC

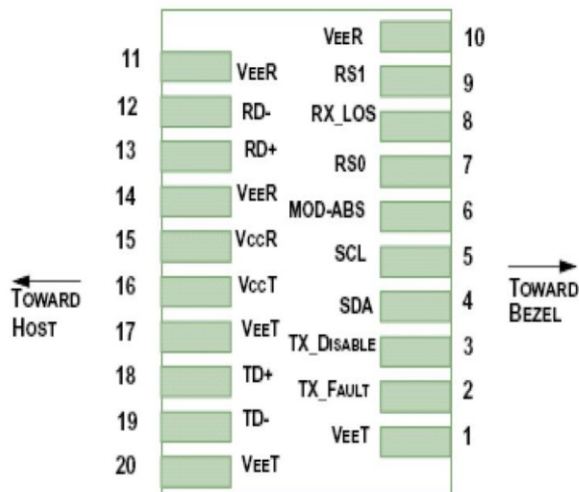
Industrial: 40 ~ +85 o C

### Application:

- 10 GBASE-ZR/ZW & 10G
- SDH STM64
- Other Optical Links



### Pin Assignment and Pin Description



**Figure1. Diagram of host board connector block pin numbers and names**

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	V <sub>EE T</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T <sub>FAULT</sub>	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	
10	V <sub>EE R</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V <sub>EE R</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V <sub>EE R</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V <sub>CC R</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	

16	$V_{CCT}$	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	$V_{EET}$	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	$V_{EET}$	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

### Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k $\Omega$ -10k $\Omega$  resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to  $V_{cc} + 0.3V$ . A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
3. Laser output disabled on  $TDIS > 2.0V$  or open, enabled on  $TDIS < 0.8V$ .
4. Should be pulled up with 4.7k $\Omega$ -10k $\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD\_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with 4.7k $\Omega$ -10k $\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

### Electrical Characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Consumption	p			1.5	W	
Supply Current	I <sub>cc</sub>			450	mA	
<b>Transmitter</b>						
Single-ended Input Voltage Tolerance	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.3		4.0	V	
AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance (RMS)		15			mV	
Differential Input Voltage Swing	V <sub>in,pp</sub>	180		700	mV <sub>pp</sub>	
Differential Input Impedance	Z <sub>in</sub>	90	100	110	Ohm	1
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V <sub>dis</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> -1.3		V <sub>cc</sub>	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	V <sub>en</sub>	V <sub>ee</sub>		V <sub>ee</sub> +0.8	V	2
<b>Receiver</b>						
Differential Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>out,pp</sub>	300		850	mV <sub>pp</sub>	

Differential Output Impedance	Zout	90	100	110	Ohm	3
Data output rise/fall time	Tr/Tf	28			ps	4
LOS Assert Voltage	VlosH	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	5
LOS De-assert Voltage	VlosL	Vee		Vee +0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

### Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
2. Or open circuit.
3. Input 100 ohms differential termination.
4. These are unfiltered 20-80% values.
5. Loss of Signal is LVTTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
6. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

### Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
<b>Transmitter</b>						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_c$	1530	1550	1565	nm	1
Optical Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Optical Power	P <sub>AVG</sub>	0		5	dBm	2
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.0	dB	
Transmitter OFF Output Power	P <sub>off</sub>			-30	dBm	
Transmitter Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE802.3ae					
<b>Receiver</b>						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_c$	1270		1610	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity (Average Power)	Sen.			-23	dBm	3
Input Saturation Power (overload)	Psat	-8			dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	Rrx			-27		
LOS Assert	LOSA	-32			dBm	
LOS De-assert	LOSD			-26	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	

The following optical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

### Notes:

1. Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations.
2. Launched power (avg.) is power coupled into a single mode fiber with master connector (Before of Life).
3. Measured with Light source 1550nm, ER=8.2dB; BER =  $<10^{-12}$  @10.3125Gbps, PRBS=2<sup>31</sup>-1 NRZ.

### Digital Diagnostic Functions

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF-8472 Rev10.2 with internal calibration mode. For external calibration mode please contact our sales staff.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temp
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.15	0.15	V	Full operating range
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	3	dB	
Bias current monitor	DMI_bias	-10%	10%	mA	
TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX	-3	3	dB	

### Mechanical Dimensions

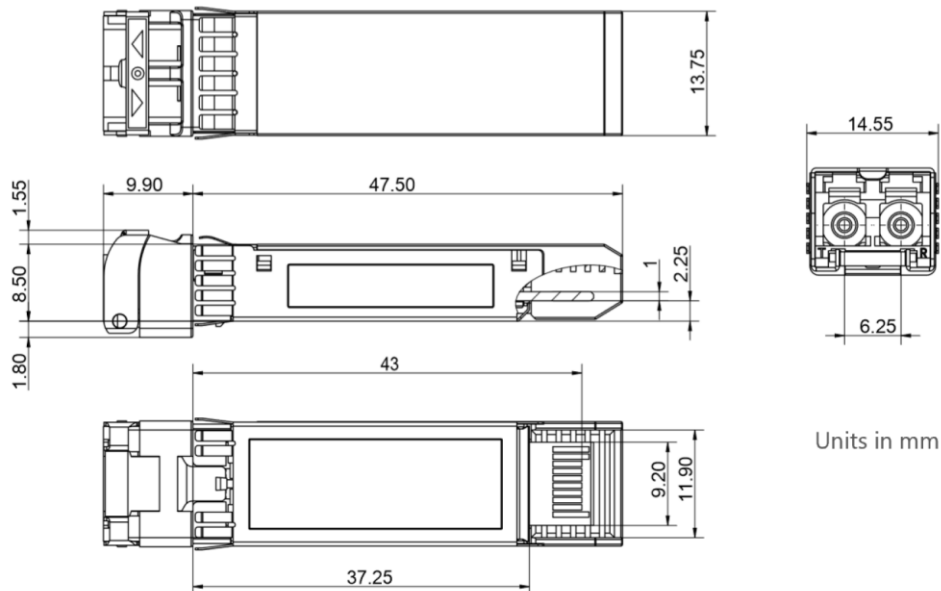


Figure2. Mechanical Outline

### Ordering Information:

Part Number	Data Rate (Gb/s)	Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Distance(km)	Temperature (°C) (Operating Case)
SFP-ZR	10.3125	1550	80km SMF	0~70 commercial